

The only persons authorized to receive Money and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" (except at the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are Mr. JOHN HARRIS, and Mr. Wm. Ball, Collectors, Sydney; Mr. JOSEPH HUNT, Blenheim; Mr. T. M. SLOAN, Bathurst; Mr. LAMAR WHITE, Windsor; Mr. HUGH TAYLOR, Parramatta; Mr. A. W. LARMEY, Maitland and Wollombi; Mr. JOHN BROWN, Campbelltown; Mr. JOHN COLEMAN, Penrith; Mr. BERRIMA; Mr. ROBERT DAVISON, for the District of Yass; Mr. THOMAS DOWNS, Moreton Bay; Mr. JOHN HODGSON, Postmaster, Raymond Terrace; Mr. PIERCE HOGGARTY, Murrumbidgee; Mr. HENRY ALDERMAN, Clarence River; Mr. JOSEPH LLOYD, Port Phillip; Captain THOMAS, Launceston; and Van Diemen's Land; Mr. WILLIAM BARRETT, Wellington, for Port Nicholson and Cook's Straits, New Zealand; who are provided with Printed Receipts, with the written signatures of "KIMB AND FAIRFAX," who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged for debts arising from January 1, 1841.

The "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" is published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods unless our Subscribers decline by giving Notice and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter, ADVERTISEMENTS must specify on the job, then the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after eleven o'clock a.m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid, or they will not be taken in.

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.
THE STEAM PACKET
MAITLAND.
W. Parsons, master, will leave the Commercial Wharf, for Port Macquarie, on Monday evening next, the 9th instant, at six o'clock.
Commercial Wharf, September 6. 3153

FOR LAUNCESTON DIRECT.
THE PACKET BRIG
WILLIAM
will sail for the above port on Tuesday, the 10th instant, weather permitting. For freight or passage, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to
JOHN THOM. 3095

FOR LONDON.
With quick despatch,
THE AT TEAK SHIP
GREENLAW.
Captain John Edgar, 430 tons.
For freight or passage apply to
GRIFFITHS, GORE, AND CO.
255, Hunter-street, August 15. 2174

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
THE fine first-class Bark
CEYLON.
255 tons register, E. W. Beazley, Commander, is now ready to receive cargo, and will meet with despatch.
R. RAMSAY, SEN. AND CO.
A good whale boat to be sold cheap: apply on board.
Hunter-street, August 15. 2174

GENERAL SYSTEM OF EDUCATION.
A MEETING of the Friends of the General System of Education recommended by the Committee of the Legislative Council, will be held at the School of Arts, this Day, the 7th instant, at three o'clock, p.m.
The Mayor has kindly consented to take the Chair.
Parties will be admitted by Tickets.
September 7. 3072

EDUCATION.
THE adjourned MEETING of those persons who are favourable to Education according to the principles of the Church of England, will be held at St. James's Infants' School, in Castle-street, on Monday, the 9th of September, at seven o'clock in the evening. The Lord Bishop of Australia will take the Chair.
WILLIAM COPPER, ROBERT ALWOOD, WILLIAM H. WALSH, R. K. SCORCE, J. C. GRYLLS.
3085

EDUCATION.
THE Members of the Wesleyan Societies and Congregations are respectfully invited to attend a PUBLIC MEETING, to be held at St. James's Infants' School, on MONDAY, the 9th instant, for the purpose of adopting measures for securing the interests of the Wesleyan body in the present educational movement, and agreeing to the resolutions of the Council on the subject.
The Chair will be taken at 7 o'clock p.m.
D. J. DRAPER, Secretary.
Sydney, September 4. 3071

EXCHANGE UPON LONDON.
THE Royal Bank of Australia hereby give notice, that they will sell their Drafts, or Scotch Bank acceptances, payable in London, to J. P. ROBINSON, Resident Director Office, No. 3, Church-hill. 7388

HUNTER RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Proprietors in the above Company, for the purpose of electing a new Board of Directors, will be held on Friday, the 15th day of September next, at twelve o'clock, in accordance with a requisition addressed to the Directors of this Company, signed by eleven proprietors, in conformity with a clause in the Deed of Settlement; the Meeting being convened for the purpose of considering the propriety of reducing the number of Directors from nine to six, to receive a statement of the Company's affairs, and to elect Auditors, and for other general purposes.
By order of the Board of Directors.
FRANCIS CLARKE, Manager.
H. R. S. N. Company, August 30. 2576

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Contractor for the supply of Provisions, Forage, &c., for the Military and Convict Services in the District of Illawarra, having given the stipulated notice to terminate his contract on the 1st of September, the same will be received at this Office until Friday, the 20th instant, at noon, for furnishing the said supplies from the 1st of November next to the 31st of March, 1845, under the terms and conditions originally published by the Commissary General Miller for the purpose of advertisement dated 21st of January, 1844, and inserted in the Government Gazette of the 6th of that month, pages 24, 25, and 26, the particulars of which, with printed forms of tender may be had by application at this Office.
T. W. RAMSAY, Dep. Com. Gen.
3091

TENDERS will be received at this Office until Friday, the 20th instant, at noon, for conveyance by water between Sydney and Hunter's River, for a period of twelve months, from 1st October next, and further, until terminated by a notice in writing, from either party, of one month.
The particulars and conditions may be had on application at this Office.
T. W. RAMSAY, Dep. Com. Gen.
5120

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders will be received at this Office until Saturday, the 23rd instant, at Twelve o'clock, noon, for the supply of a quantity—not exceeding 150 tons per month—of Road Metal for the streets of the city of Sydney, from Mount Hills, or of a similar quality, from Mount Tomah, Port Phillip, or any other quarter.
Further particulars may be obtained from the City Surveyor, at his office, any day, between the hours of eleven o'clock a.m. and one o'clock p.m.
JOHN RAE, Town Clerk.
3093

TO THE CITIZENS AND ELECTORS OF GIPPS WARD.
GENTLEMEN.—Having been requested, by several influential Citizens of your Ward, to come forward as a candidate for one of the vacancies in the City Council, I respectfully solicit the support of your vote and suffrages at the forthcoming election of Councillors.
My long residence in Sydney, and known business habits, will, I trust, be deemed a sufficient guarantee for the faithful discharge of the duties of the office.
I am, Gentlemen, Your very obedient servant,
HENRY FISHER, Cumberland Lodge, and City Depot, Sydney, August 31. 2595

TO THE ELECTORS OF BOURKE WARD.
GENTLEMEN.—I have the honor to offer myself as a candidate for the Representation of the Bourke Ward in the City Council at the forthcoming election. Should I be fortunate enough to succeed, my utmost care and attention shall be devoted to the proper discharge of my duty as a Councillor of the Ward in which I was born, and in which myself and family have so great an interest.
I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your most obedient servant,
CHARLES ROBERTS, Sydney, August 30. 2595

TO THE ELECTORS OF PHILLIP WARD.
GENTLEMEN.—Understanding that a report is in circulation to the effect that I shall decline to solicit your suffrages at the ensuing vacancy on the 1st of November, and whilst I avail myself of the opportunity thus afforded of thanking you for your interest in former occasions, I beg to state, that it is my intention to be again put in nomination for the purpose of being re-elected a member of the City Council; and trusting in the consistency of my past conduct, respectfully solicit your interest on that occasion.
I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your most obedient servant,
JOHN NEALE, Sussex-street South, September 2. 3033

TO THE ELECTORS OF PHILLIP WARD.
GENTLEMEN.—In compliance with the wishes of a number of the Electors of your Ward, I am induced to come forward as a candidate to represent you in the City Council at the ensuing election; and in the event of being elected, I will be my anxious desire to discharge my duty faithfully and honestly.
I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
JOHN NEALE, Parramatta-street, 4th September. 3084

TO THE ELECTORS OF MACQUARIE WARD.
GENTLEMEN.—At the suggestion of many electors of this Ward, with the tender of their support, I beg, at the approaching election, to offer myself as a candidate to represent your interests in the City Council.
I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
JOHN HENDERSON, Castlereagh-street, Sydney, 2966

PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.
MRS. ALFRED HUNTLEY begs to inform her friends and the public, that she purposes receiving a limited number of little boys, between the ages of five and nine, to board and educate. She has taken commodious premises delightfully situated on the banks of the Parramatta River, near Beldam Point. The distance from Sydney is only five miles, and it is possible to reach the school by the advantage of the steamers stopping several times daily.
Mrs. Huntley assures the parents and guardians who may commit their children to her care, that every attention will be paid to their health and education.
Terms, Twenty-five Guineas per annum. No extras.
Letters addressed to Mrs. Huntley, Herald Office, will be duly received. 2480

JUST PUBLISHED.
LOW'S DIRECTORY
OF THE CITY OF SYDNEY; Price Five Shillings.
To be had of the Compiler, No. 10, Domain-terrace, or his agents; also at the City Printing Office, Hunter-street; and of Mr. W. J. Morris, stationer, No. 601, George-street.
The above work contains the names, professions, and places of residence of about 5000 of the principal inhabitants of the city and environs; Government Offices, Public Institutions, Societies, Clubs, &c.; Tables of Fees, List of all the Colonial Shipping, Rules and Practice of the Courts of Requests, By-Laws of the City Council, &c., &c. 2978

ST. JOHN'S TAVERN, BOWING.
MR. JOHN MOSES respectfully informs his friends, the inhabitants, and the settlers of the district, that he is determined, in order to meet the pressure of the times, to conduct his establishment on the most economical principle possible, and therefore has reduced the prices of all articles connected with his business at least 25 per cent. less than charged in the surrounding township, and is grateful for past favours, and trusts from the style and mode in which he conducts his establishment, to secure a fair portion of the patronage of gentlemen and travellers visiting that part of the colony.
J. M. has also to state that he has recently built large commodious paddocks and stock yards for sheep and cattle.
Country orders promptly attended to, at Sydney prices, less conveyance and commission charge. 2768

JACOB INDER begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken part of the Albion Wharf, Sussex-street, which he has opened as a Timber Yard, and will have constantly on hand every description of timber, which he is determined to sell at the most reasonable prices.
Cedar, in log, or boards of all sizes. Deals, &c.
Hardwood joints, scantling, weather and Pine Battens.
A large assortment of shingles always on hand. Buildings supplied on the shortest notice.
N.B. Jacob Inder still continues to carry on business at his Timber Yard, George street, opposite the Police Office, where he has always on hand a large assortment of well-seasoned timber of every description.
York-street, August 24. 2548

TO THE CITIZENS AND ELECTORS OF GIPPS WARD.
GENTLEMEN.—I have the honor to offer myself as a candidate for the Representation of the GIPPS Ward in the City Council at the forthcoming election. Should I be fortunate enough to succeed, my utmost care and attention shall be devoted to the proper discharge of my duty as a Councillor of the Ward in which I was born, and in which myself and family have so great an interest.
I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your most obedient servant,
CHARLES ROBERTS, Sydney, August 30. 2595

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CHARLES ROBERTS, Sydney, August 30. 2595

GEORGE-STREET NORTH, OPPOSITE BRIDGE-STREET.
TRETH.
MR. J. EMANUEL, Examined Surgeon-Dentist, Member of the College of Surgeons of Holland, having with unremitting diligence made the science of Artificial Teeth his peculiar study, continues to supply Texts, on a principle which, for utility, comfort, or appearance, and nicety in the arrangement, (giving perfect restoration of the features, their natural symmetry, especially in the shape and expression of the mouth, combined with their durability), cannot, it is equalled, be surpassed in any city of Europe; and for which he has received his diploma as Dentist, and testimonials from the Professors of Leyden and Utrecht Colleges.
Natural, Artificial, or the new patent Mineral Teeth, lately arrived from Paris, which will be found very superior to all others, as they will never change colour or decay, and their perfect resemblance to nature defies detection even by the most observant. The method does not require the extraction of any teeth or roots, or any painful operation whatever.
Natural Teeth beautifully painted in Artificial cases, on Mr. Emanuel's painless but effective system of his Waxen and Rubber Springs or clasps of any kind, from one to a complete set.
All operations appertaining to the Dental Art attended to on sound surgical principles.
Mr. Emanuel's Cement for stopping decayed teeth, however large the cavity, is far superior to anything ever before used, as it is placed in the tooth in a soft state, without any pressure or pain, and in a short time becomes as hard as the enamel, and will remain firm in the tooth for years, rendering extraction unnecessary. It arrests all further progress of decay, and renders them again useful in mastication. The tooth warranted never to change colour. Mr. Emanuel confidently asserts that this is one of the most valuable inventions ever introduced, and he will readily undertake any case wherein others have failed.
Malformation of children's mouths eradicated, in cases where the teeth project too far forward or backward, without extracting the permanent teeth. Loose teeth fastened. Artificial plates, on a new principle. Scrofulic gums cured. Teeth cleaned of tartar.
CHARGES STRICTLY MODERATE.
SO AS TO MEET THE MEANS OF THE MOST ECONOMICAL.
All Consultations free.
Teeth extracted, 2s. 6d. each. Instantaneous relief for the toothache sold, in bottles of 2s. 6d. to 5s. and upwards.
Mr. E.'s specimens of artificial teeth on view.
Old plates, or misfits of artificial teeth, remodelled, and made to fit the mouth with comfort.
Ladies and families attended at their private residence.
At home from Nine a.m. till Six p.m.
Observe—two doors from Mr. S. Lyons's Auction Mart. 3103

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CHARLES ROBERTS, Sydney, August 30. 2595

SELLING OFF!
JAMES WADE begs to inform the Ladies of Sydney, &c., that he is now selling his choice assortment of Fancy Goods, at the undermentioned ruinous prices, having determined upon relinquishing this branch of trade.
Berlin wools, 9d. per dozen
Worsted and lambs' wools, 1s. per dozen.
Large skeins
Berlin drawings and patterns, cost 20s., will be sold for 7s. 6d. each
Flora silks, from 14d. per skein
Persian silks, from 14d. ditto
Moravian cotton, 18d. per dozen
Ladies' French shoes, lasting and prunella, 3s. per pair
Satin ditto, white and black, 4s. ditto.
Also,
A well assorted stock of Drapery.
JAMES WADE, 2871
Devonshire House, Pitt-street.

MR. R. M. ROBEY
BEGS to inform his Friends and the public generally, that the following goods have been imported by him, per *Arcturion*, and other recent arrivals, which are on sale at his Warehouse and Retail Establishment, 427, George-street, Sydney, and the whole of which will be offered at very low prices for cash, or short credits to approved buyers.
Paint oil in casks and tins
Sheet lead, 3 to 5 lbs. per foot
Satin hair seating, all widths
Black curled hair
Roman cement, warranted sound
Jewellery and fancy goods, in gold and silver, &c., in great variety
Blankets, 9-4, 10-4, and 11-4
Grey calico, 27 to 32 inches
Serge, black and colours
Parramatta, ditto
Gambroons, ditto
Laminas, ditto
Damasks, in colours
Late best London made
Jewellery and fancy goods, in gold and silver, &c., in great variety
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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

September 6.—*Sulima*, schooner, 120 tons, Captain Scott, from Tahiti, 20th July, Bora-bora 4th, and Navigator Islands 18th August, with coconuts, oil, &c. Passengers—Mr. Miller and Mr. Chapman.

September 6.—*Ranger*, cutter, 46 tons, Captain Rogers, from the Bay of Islands 19th July, and Newcastle the 5th instant, with gum, &c. Passengers—Messrs. Thompson, Weldon, and Havelings.

CLEARANCE.

August 6.—*Haidak*, barque, Captain Marshall, for London, with colonial produce. Passengers—Mrs. Marshall, Miss Marshall, Mrs. Chapman, Dr. Webb, R.N., Mr. Hope, Dr. Wilson, R.N., Captain Carmichael, Mr. Cottle, Mr. Allen, Mr. Horsey, and Mr. J. Ward.

IMPORTS.

September 6.—*Ranger*, cutter, 46 tons, Rogers, from the Bay of Islands, via Newcastle: 131 cases gum, 10 cases Young, and 1 case T. Barker; 4 cases specimens of natural history; 6 cases fruit, R. Porter.

EXPORTS.

August 6.—*Haidak*, barque, Captain Marshall, for London: 11 cases tallow, W. Richardson; 50 cases tallow, Betts and Panton; 25 cases tallow, John Betts; 25 cases tallow, 26 cases wool, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 5 cases baggage, J. T. Allman; 12 cases tallow, 2 cases silk, Ray and Glazier; 41 cases tallow, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 4 cases tallow, T. Skinner; 1 case (a screen), J. Walker; 180 hides, 4000 lbs. Co. & Co.; 2 bales wool, 420 hides, 134 cases tallow, 12 bales tallow, 33 cases tallow, 420 bags bark, 1 case 5 bundles hides, 6 bales wool, 10,000 horns, J. R. and A. F. Wiltshire; 48 cases tallow, Harcourt, Blundell, and Co.; 1 box specimens of natural history, F. Strange; 8 bales wool, R. Leithbridge; 13 bales wool, Thomas Smith.

VESSELS LAID ON FOR LONDON.

Haidak, ship, 365 tons, Marshall; full ship. *Greenlaw*, barque, 430 tons, Edgar; 38 cases sperm oil, 32 cases black oil, 330 cases tallow, 33 bales wool, and 1800 hides, on board. *Ceylon*, barque, 233 tons, Beasley; 120 cases tallow, 15 cases sperm oil, 500 hides, on board. *Esmeralda*, barque, 356 tons, Darley, 30 cases tallow, on board.

The *Sulima* reports the following from the parts she has touched at:—H.M.S. *Caryfort* arrived off Tahiti on the 17th July, and having taken Queen Pomare and suite on board, sailed again for the island of Borabora, where she was to land them until informed by the Home Government. The *French Basilisk*, sailed for Pitcairn's Island on the 17th July. The British steamer, *Salamander*, left Tahiti on the 19th July for London. The cutter *James*, which sailed from Sydney a few days after the *Sulima*, but it was expected that she would touch at some of the other islands. The Sydney whaler *Jane Ellen*, had been to Tahiti to visit, with 300 barrels sperm on board; she was in a most deplorable state, having fallen in with one very heavy weather; but having had a new stern put into her, sailed again on the 1st July, the captain having stated that it was his intention to visit Sydney within ten months from that date. Another engagement took place between the Tahitians and French on the 30th of June, at Port Venus, at the commencement of which the Rev. Mr. McKean was shot whilst walking in the verandah in front of his house.

VALPARAISO.—The *Reja*, being 30th November, arrived at Valparaiso 7th April, and the *Grener*, being 7th January, arrived there on the 27th April. Many of the merchants by them had been engaged, and the government was about to give the others grants of land in the province of Valdivia.

The cutter *James*, which sailed from Newcastle on Thursday last by the *Sophia Jane*, steamer.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.
September.
1. SATURDAY [6 15 14 45] 3 15 3 42
2. SUNDAY [6 14 14 46] 4 10 4 30
New Moon, Sept. 12, 20 m. past 11, night.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

As we have no wish to visit the inside of a good for six months, we must decline to insert the letter of a "Respecter of Sound Principles."

The *Sydney Morning Herald*.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1844.

"Sworn to no master, of no sect am I."

THE IRISH SYSTEM.

On the 21st of June, a Select Committee was appointed by the Legislative Council for two purposes, namely—

1st. "To enquire into, and report upon, the state of education in this colony;" and, 2nd. "To devise the means of placing the education of youth [meaning education at the public expense] upon a basis suited to the wants and wishes of the community."

That is, they were to collect evidence as to what the community wants and what the community wishes; and then, upon the basis of testimony thus procured, they were to devise such a system as should at once supply the wants thus described and meet the wishes thus expressed. They were to examine witnesses, and a true verdict give according to the evidence. The first they have performed, we will not say well, because we think both the selection of the witnesses and the conduct of the examination might have been more judicious; but as to the second of these duties, we would ask, have they performed it at all? They have given a verdict; but is it according to the evidence? They have devised a plan of comprehensive education; but is it placed "upon a basis suited to the wants and wishes of the community?"

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tion exhibit marks of deep and matured reflection upon the whole question.

Whatever, therefore, may be the merits of the Report in other respects—however different may be the sentiments of the public as to the recommendations themselves—on this point there can be no dispute—that the Committee have failed to "devise the means of placing the education of youth upon a basis suited to the wants and wishes of the community," so far as those wants and wishes are made known by the evidence. They have travelled beyond the record, and contrary to it. They have alleged both what is not in their brief, and what is contradicted in their brief.

Toucing this "Irish System" we thought it "wishes" of the community had been made sufficiently intelligible by the proceedings of the year 1836. The demonstration then placed on record was so clear as to have admitted of no misapprehension, and so decisive as to leave left no room for question or demur. But as such of our readers as were not then in the colony, would perhaps like to be made acquainted with those memorable transactions—transactions possessing, at the present juncture, a more than ordinary importance—it may be well to give an historical sketch of them.

At the commencement of the Session of the Legislative Council, in the month of May, 1836, it became known that it was the intention of Sir RICHARD BOURKE to introduce into this colony the system of National Education then recently introduced by Lord STANLEY into Ireland.

Several Protestant gentlemen (not members of the Church of England) after making due enquiry as to the nature of that system, met together for the purpose of discussing its merits; and being unanimously of opinion that it was repugnant to the fundamental principle of Protestantism, they lost no time in waiting upon all the Protestant ministers in Sydney, to ascertain how far this opinion was concurred in by others. They found that it was received with perfect unanimity. A venerable clergyman of the Church of England was then requested to ask the Bishop of Australia, who had just returned from England, whether his Lordship would concur with the objectors in appealing to the Legislature; and if so, to request an interview. The answer being decidedly favourable, the gentlemen waited upon the Bishop, who entered into their views fully and heartily; and it was eventually arranged that a preliminary meeting should be called for the 24th of June. On that day the meeting was accordingly held at the Putney Hotel (now the Australian Club-house); and in its published proceedings it is said to have represented "the Protestant Episcopalians, the Presbyterians, the Independents, the Baptists, and the Wesleyan denominations of Christians in New South Wales; the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Australia in the chair." The conclusion to which this meeting came will be seen by the following resolutions—which, it is observed, were passed "UNANIMOUSLY":—

I. That this meeting having learnt, by official documents recently published, that it is the intention of Government to propose the establishment of a system of National Education in this colony, by an enactment of the local Legislature, of a system of General Education; and that the Schools introduced into Ireland, a few years ago, under the sanction of the British Government, are thought to afford an appropriate model for that system; do unanimously express their solemn and decided opinion, that any system of General Education which shall be founded on the principle of intermingling, in the same school, the children of the different religious denominations, according to the *Authorized Version*, and of Prayer in which the doctrine of the *Bible* is taught, may be *unwisely acknowledged* or *unwisely supported*, without a compromise of the essentials of their Faith.

II. That this meeting do now form itself into a committee of Protestants (to be hereafter enlarged, either in whole or in part, by the introduction of measures to obtain the general co-operation of the Protestant body throughout the colony of New South Wales, in petitioning His Excellency the Governor, and the honorable the Legislative Council, on the subject of the proposed plan of General Education, setting forth their objections to the basis upon which the same is founded, as being, according to their conscientious and religious views, repugnant to the fundamental principle of Protestantism, and, they are persuaded, opposed also to the wishes of a very large majority of the people of this colony.

III. That the petition now produced be adopted by this meeting, and signed by the members present.

IV. That for the more effectual accomplishment of this purpose, a general committee be formed, to consist, in addition to the individuals now present, of all the Protestant ministers having charge of congregations in Sydney, and of twenty-four Protestant laymen, residing in Sydney or the vicinity thereof, of whom twelve shall be Episcopalians, and twelve members of other Protestant denominations; that of this general committee any seven members shall form a quorum; that they have power to sit at such times and on such principles as the aforesaid ministers and laymen be requested to constitute such committee.

At a subsequent meeting, held on the 14th of July, the Bishop again in the chair, many gentlemen being present who were not at the first, several resolutions were passed for giving effect to the original plan of operations—all passed unanimously. Amongst them were the following:—

"That this Meeting do cordially and unanimously approve and adopt the Resolutions, and the Petition to His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable the Legislative Council, now read, passed at a Meeting of Protestants held at the Putney Hotel, Sydney, on the 24th June, 1836, the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Australia in the Chair; and pledges itself to zealous exertion in furtherance of the object therein contemplated."

"That the following Ministers and others, resident in the interior of the colony, be respectfully requested to constitute Sub-Committees for their respective townships and districts, for the purpose of obtaining signatures to the aforesaid petition, and of co-operating generally with this Committee in further measures as may be hereafter agreed upon."

"That this Committee, anxiously alive to the great interest of Protestant Christianity, earnestly entreat all Protestants to exert themselves strenuously, at this most eventful crisis, for the protection and promotion of that holy cause which is common to them all; and respectfully and affectionately invite all Protestant ministers throughout the colony, of whatever denomination, to explain to their respective flocks the spirit and design of the present proceedings, and to exhort them to a hearty and prompt co-operation in the intended appeal to the local Legislature."

The last of the resolutions ordered that the proceedings of the meeting, together with those of the 24th of June, should be published three times in all the newspapers, and also printed on sheets for general distribution by the several Sub-Committees.

The resolution inviting all Protestant ministers to address their respective flocks on the subject of this great struggle, was, we believe, complied with in nearly every Protestant pulpit in the colony; and the result was, that the petition obtained a number of signatures at that time far exceeding all precedent, and was completely successful.

Such being a narrative of the proceedings of 1836, we shall next enquire whether any thing has occurred to render the Irish System less "subversive" now than it was then. Of the fundamental principle of Protestantism.

FRENCH DOINGS IN TAHITI.

By the *Sulima*, which arrived yesterday, we learn that the contest between the French and the Tahitians still continued, and that much blood was shed on both sides.

The following letter from a resident on the island contains a continuous narrative of the recent transactions, and is worthy of a careful perusal. The Rev. Mr. McKean, who is mentioned as having been killed by a chance shot, is known to a considerable number of persons in Sydney, having resided here for several weeks about three years ago:—

You have doubtless been informed of some of the painful events that have occurred here since the occupation of Tahiti by the French. But man rarely advert to the bloodshed that has lately taken place. War broke out between the Tahitians and their invaders several months ago, and although for the present there is a cessation from actual hostilities, there is little prospect of permanent peace. The people are living in the mountain glens and ravines, where they keep the French at bay, and express their determination to die to the last rather than submit. We are fighting, say they, for our wives and children, for our religion; we will never submit to the French; we will abide by the flag that Britain gave us; and when it is found that the Frenchmen were killed or despatched to Papeete, whilst the natives kept to the bush had none killed, and only two wounded. The French captain being wounded, ordered his men to retire, and the natives, who were in the bush, returned by sea to Papeete. The natives then burnt down the house of a Major Fergus, a native of Poland, who had accepted the office of magistrate, and had been killed by the natives. The French captain being wounded, ordered his men to retire, and the natives, who were in the bush, returned by sea to Papeete. The natives then burnt down the house of a Major Fergus, a native of Poland, who had accepted the office of magistrate, and had been killed by the natives.

It will be seen by the above, that Queen POMARE had proceeded to a neighbouring island. The French Governor was very anxious that she should return to the shore to live; but she positively refused, and, previous to her departure in H.M.S. *Caryfort*, wrote the following letter:—

Copy of Queen Pomare's letter to Commodore Nicholson, in reply to his inviting her to come on shore.

Commodore BRUM, I received your letter of yesterday. This is my speech what I say: I will not go to the shore, for the purpose of placing my person in your hands; I wish my people to rest, remain in peace, and when intelligence arrives from Britain and France, I shall then think of coming to a decision.

The intelligence of the French Government having refused to accept the Sovereignty of Tahiti had been received; but after what has taken place lately, if it is intended to preserve the authority of the French in any way, continual bloodshed may be expected; for the natives will never submit to the control of men who have behaved in the tyrannical and oppressive manner that has been pursued by the French, since their first arrival in Tahiti.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6.

THE SPEAKER took the chair at the usual hour.

CAMDEN F. NARELLAN.

Mr. THIRRY presented a petition from certain landed proprietors, who were petitioning for the removal of the seat of Government from the district of Camden, praying that the sum which appeared on the estimates for the erection of a court-house at Narclan might be otherwise applied, namely, to the erection of a court-house at Camden.

The petition was signed by 297 persons; amongst whom were seven magistrates and five clergymen—and if there had been more time to be spared, at least one hundred more signatures would have been added.

The petition was read, and ordered to be received.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

The following notices of motion were given:

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10.

1. Mr. WINDEYER to move for an account of the number of weeks the Dredging Machine was employed since its arrival; and to enquire, how far the machine was employed in the working of it; and the quantity of work performed by it; and in what degree, the number of men employed affects the work.

in. Just as they were turning round to enter the house, Mr. McKean gave a convulsive start and fell. Mr. Howe exclaimed, my brother is killed, and, as the blood flowed from his forehead, found a ball had entered behind and lodged near the eye. With the assistance of a ladder, he drew his body into the house and endeavored to stop the effusion of blood; he raised his head and hoped to see some signs of recognition, but he never spoke, and after breathing a few minutes gently expired, with a faint placid smile upon his countenance. The fight had by this time become general, nearly the whole of the native men had come down, and a dreadful fire of musketry and field pieces was kept up for three hours. The chapel and the houses of Mr. Wilson and Mr. McKean were just between the combatants, so that the missionaries were obliged to remain where they were.

In the course of the fight, the Governor and French Doctor came in, having seen Mr. McKean fall; they expressed their sorrow at his death. A number of wounded Frenchmen were also carried into the house, three or four of whom soon died. Mr. Howe said that the shouts of the natives, the incessant discharge of musketry, the rattling of the balls against the house, and the cries and groans of the wounded soldiers, gave him a shock from which he will not soon recover. At length the natives retired, carrying away their wounded dead. From the number of trees by which they were sheltered, they had only three killed, but many wounded. The French slept upon the scene of action, and in the morning returned to Papeete, their official report states their loss at five killed, one of whom was a native, and seven on their side, and seventeen wounded. When the firing ceased, Mr. Howe obtained a file of soldiers to carry the body of Mr. McKean to the boat, and to the shore, where it was conveyed to Papeete, where the arrival of some Messrs. Moore and Joseph, with their wives, had been anxiously looking out for him, hearing distinctly the noise of the musketry, and seeing the smoke of the guns, they ran to the body of Mr. McKean was brought to their door.

The following day, the corpse was placed in a coffin, and committed to the ground, close to the gate of the late Mr. McKean's residence, the presence of most of the English residents, and Mr. Barff, senior, gave an address on the solemn occasion. The same day these tragical events occurred at Haapepe, another fight took place between the French and the natives, in which the French were killed or despatched to Papeete. In the district of Buanani, where Mr. Darling resides, a man was seized by the French for making cartridges; this aroused the natives, who all flew to arms, and being joined by many of their own kind, they proceeded to Faava, about four miles west of Papeete; here they were met by a French captain, leading on a body of sailors and marines, and a conflict ensued, in which it is found that the Frenchmen were killed or despatched to Papeete, whilst the natives kept to the bush had none killed, and only two wounded. The French captain being wounded, ordered his men to retire, and the natives, who were in the bush, returned by sea to Papeete. The natives then burnt down the house of a Major Fergus, a native of Poland, who had accepted the office of magistrate, and had been killed by the natives.

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2. The COLONIAL SECRETARY to move, that Roger Thierry, Esq., be appointed a Member of the Council for the trial of any complaints against the members of the Council, in the place of Hastings Elwin, Esq., who has resigned his seat in this House.

3. The COLONIAL SECRETARY to move, that the Honorable Dr. Nicholson be the two Members to be appointed by the Legislative Council, under the Act of the Governor and Council, 7 Victoria, No. 14, for the year 1845.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11.

Mr. W. C. WENTWORTH to move an Address to His Excellency, to the effect, that the Government of 1844, towards the support of the Hospitals at Bathurst, Goulburn, and Windsor, on condition of sums to at least an equal amount being raised by private subscriptions.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12.

Mr. W. C. WENTWORTH to move the following Resolutions:—

to an Address of the Council, dated the 29th ultimo, wherein His Excellency was informed, that the Council had declined to grant any sums of money for the administration of Justice for the year 1845, in addition to those which have been provided for by Parliament.

Gentlemen.—The Council having declined to grant any sums of money for the administration of Justice for the year 1845, in addition to those which have been provided for by Parliament, I shall take measures for limiting the expenditure on account of the administration of Justice during the year 1845, to the sums mentioned in the Schedule marked A, annexed to the 5th and 6th Victoria, c. 76; and I shall advise with the Judges upon the manner in which this may be done with the least possible amount of inconvenience to the public.

GEORGE GIPPS.

Government House.

Sydney, 3rd September, 1844.

Being calculated to convey an erroneous impression to Her Majesty, as to the substance of the Resolution adopted by this Council, on the 29th ultimo, I resolved

(1.) That the aforesaid Resolution does not involve, as the said Message implies, an absolute and unqualified refusal to grant any sums of money for the administration of Justice, in addition to those which have been provided for by Parliament; but only a qualified refusal to grant such moneys, so long as the appropriation thereof be withheld, at a sum calculated to cause any delay in the Courts of Justice within the colony, or as the services enumerated in schedule A, and the required supplement thereto.

(2.) That the Council, in the exercise of its power, to make such regulations as it may think fit, in relation to the salaries of the officers of the Courts of Justice, should not reduce salaries which had been granted to officers of the Courts of Justice, without giving any explanation or expectations held out to them, either by the Imperial or the Local Government. It was then pointed out by the Colonial Secretary, that the chief object of Government was to reduce the salaries of the officers of the Courts of Justice, and that the Council could not reduce salaries which had been granted to officers of the Courts of Justice, without giving any explanation or expectations held out to them, either by the Imperial or the Local Government.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13.

Dr. NICHOLSON to move, that a humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause the said Resolution to be referred to the Honorable the Earl Bathurst, Secretary of State for the Colonies, as communicated in His Lordship's Despatch to the Governor of this Colony, dated the 30th March, 1842, in relation to the salaries of the officers of the Courts of Justice, and to the Honorable the Earl Bathurst, Secretary of State for the Colonies, as communicated in His Lordship's Despatch to the Governor of this Colony, dated the 30th March, 1842, in relation to the salaries of the officers of the Courts of Justice.

Dr. LANK to move the following Resolutions:—

1. That it is the opinion of this Council, that no letter, posted in any City or Town for delivery within five days of its date, should be chargeable with a higher rate of postage than one penny, irrespective of its weight.

2. That it is the opinion of this Council, that for all greater distances within the colony, whether by sea or land, no letter, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, should be chargeable with a higher rate of postage than two pence; and that two-pence additional should be chargeable on every letter, for every additional half ounce which such letter may weigh.

3. That it is the opinion of this Council, that the privilege of franking should be abolished, and that the postage of the various departments of the Public Service should be chargeable on these Departments respectively, in such manner as to His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council may seem fit.

4. That it is the opinion of this Council, that the postage of the Military, Commissariat, and Convict Departments, should not be chargeable on the Public Service, but should be chargeable on these Departments respectively, in such manner as to His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council may seem fit.

5. That, in the event of any alteration of Revenue arising from the proposed change of system in the Post Office Department, this House pledges itself to make good such deficiency, from whatever other sources may be available for the purpose.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

Mr. ROBINSON to move the following Resolutions:—

1. That this Council, having taken into consideration the Report of a Select Committee, appointed to enquire into and Report upon the state of Education in this Colony, and to devise the means of placing the education of youth upon a basis suited to the wants and wishes of the community, do, generally, the opinions contained therein.

2. That it is advisable to introduce Lord Stanley's system of National Education into this Colony.

3. That in order to introduce this system, His Excellency the Governor be requested to appoint a Board of Commissioners, to be charged with the introduction of Lord Stanley's National system of Education, and belonging to the different religious denominations; this Board to be invested with a very wide discretion, as to the arrangements necessary for carrying the system into effect; and all funds to be hereafter applied for the purposes of Education, to be administered by them.

4. That the Board be empowered, to the Board of Education shall be guided in, to afford the same facilities for Education to all classes of professing Christians, without any attempt to interfere with the peculiar religious opinions of any, or to enforce any particular religion.

THE RECENT DESPATCHES.

(MEMORANDUM AS TO THE VIEWS AND ACTS OF THE COUNCIL.)

Major WENTWORTH rose to call the honorable the Colonial Secretary to order; and he would appeal to the Speaker, and he would ask if any member to order—to demand that a member should be put down for the imperious tone which he had assumed.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said, that if he had exhibited any undue warmth he could only say that he was sorry for it. He was the last person, he believed, who could be charged with unwillingness to acknowledge any error into which he might fall.

Mr. WINDEYER said, that the acknowledgment of the Council, that the Council was perfectly satisfied to him. He was willing to admit that he had himself been out of order; he could not indulge in the most remote surmise that there had been any wilful misrepresentation on the part of His Excellency the Governor. Indeed, on reference to the dates, it was clear that His Excellency could not have been made properly acquainted with the views of the Council until after the despatch was written. It was important also that it should be borne in mind that the Council made no official communication to the Governor of the place in which those debates in Committee, and the report was made, and the debate, which it was pretended had taken place. The Governor, in his despatch, said, that the Council, however, having arrived at that division of the estimates, was desirous to abolish offices or reduce salaries at its pleasure, without entering in any way on the question of compensation to the holders of offices, and without making any proposal to give or expectations held out to them, either by the Imperial or the Local Government.

It was then pointed out by the Colonial Secretary, that the chief object of Government was to reduce the salaries of the officers of the Courts of Justice, and that the Council could not reduce salaries which had been granted to officers of the Courts of Justice, without giving any explanation or expectations held out to them, either by the Imperial or the Local Government.

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FOR HOBART TOWN.

WARRANTED FIRST VESSEL.
TO SAIL POSITIVELY ON SATURDAY
NEXT, 14th INSTANT.
**THE FIRST-CLASS, fast-
sailing steamer**
LOUISA
182 tons register, J. C.
Tucker, commander, is now taking in cargo,
and will positively sail as above.
Cabin and stowage passengers proceeding
by this vessel may depend on being supplied
with every comfort, and the best of wines and
provisions. Passengers intending to proceed
to Hobart Town are requested to view the
accommodations of this vessel.
For freight or passage apply to Captain
Tucker, on board, at the Queen's Wharf;
or to
JOHN MACNAMARA,
Hobart Town Packet Office,
Queen-street.
3180

EDUCATION.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Catho-
lics of Sydney and its vicinity, in re-
ference to this subject, will be held on Mon-
day next, the 5th September, His Grace the
Archbishop in the Chair.
Hour of Meeting, Noon; Place of Meeting,
at St. Mary's Church.
3176

PHILLIP WARD.

TO MR. GEORGE WILKIE.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of
Phillip Ward, request that you will again
become a candidate for the vacant seat in the
City Council, at the forthcoming election, and
feeling confident from the highly respectable
support afforded you last year, that your suc-
cess on this occasion is certain.
Sydney, September 5.
William Fisher David Warden, George-
John Carr street
Michael Naphaly M. Gordon
William Byrne James Hanney
John Hume T. Dinnington
John Mellor H. Nolan
"Muel Woolley Richard Dwyer
"al Benjamin John Young
Samuel Henry Richard Day
Richard "Tarrant George Pickering
William Steffen William Dodds
John Telford Elliot W. Lilley
Thomas Wilks Archibald Watson
John Wright, Camp- bell-street
Thomas Callaway James Stewart
Andrew Byrne William Richardson
Alexander Dickson John Woodward
John Morris, George- street
D. Taylor Joseph Wilson
William Orr Peter Brennan
James Fennell Jacob Kitchin
John Carr Thomas Winterup
E. McDonald William Perry
Patrick Galvin Alexander Gray
John Dearey Nathaniel Douglas
Stephen Dark Thomas Smith
Michael Farrel James Small
William West Hugh Brodie
W. Bolton
R. Nellie Hodge

TO THE ELECTORS OF PHILLIP WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to the
request I have this day received,
allow me to express the pleasure I feel in ac-
ceding thereto, at the forthcoming election,
myself to stand and promote your interests,
should your suffrages place me in the City
Council as your representative.
I am, gentlemen,
your obedient servant,
Sydney, September 5.
GEORGE WILKIE.

HUNTER RIVER AUCTION COMPANY.

IT is requested, that all parties having
claims against the above Company will
forward full particulars of the same to the un-
derigned, on or before Thursday, the 12th
instant, when arrangements will be made for
their settlement.
QUINTEN SWIFT,
Secretary.
Morpeth, September 3.
3156

CONCERT.

MR. DEANE begs to inform the
inhabitants of Sydney and its vicinity,
that he intends giving a Concert of Vocal and
Instrumental Music, on Wednesday, the 11th
instant, at the City Theatre, Market-street,
on which occasion he solicits their kind
patronage and support.
PROGRAMME.
PART I.
Quartetto Haydn.
Glee—"Amid these verdant
bowers" Puccini.
Song—"Glory to the battle
plain" Bishop.
Trio (Juvenile)—Two violins and
violinello, in which will be
introduced the favourite "There is an
Home sweet home" and
"Hey the bonny breast knot" Deane.
Song—"The White Swan" Barker.
Glee—"The Merry month of
May" Blivett.
Solo—Violoncello Rode.
PART II.
Quartetto Onslow.
Duetto—"Through the Village
as I pass" Balfe.
Solo—Violin (Juvenile) De Beriot.
Laughing Glee—"Why are
there never met" Martini.
Trio—Pianoforte, Violin, and
Violoncello Moschelles.
Song—"Love me" Blocky.
Glee—"Long live Victoria" Nathan.
Box tickets 2s 6d.; Pit 1s.; Children
half-price. To be had of Mr. Wyatt, Victoria
Hotel, Pitt-street, where boxes may be re-
served; of Mr. E. J. Hall, Music Saloon, George-
street; and of Mr. Deane, 273, Castlereagh-
street.
The Concert will commence at 8 o'clock
precisely.
3201

COPPIN'S LARGE SALOON.

TO commence at Seven o'clock pre-
cisely. Upwards of
FIVE HUNDRED SCOTCHMEN
Have visited the Saloon to hear the
SCOTCH VOCALIST.
Who will sing, This Evening, Saturday, Sep-
tember 7, 1844, the following selection of na-
tive ballads—"John Anderson my Jo,"
"Dumbar's Bonnie Belle," "There is an
Ile," "Fly away pretty Moth," "Ye Banks
and Braes," "O' the airt the win can
blaw," "Hey the bonnie 'Breast Knot,"
"Laird o' Cockpen," and a Highland song in
the
GAELIC LANGUAGE.
First appearance of Miss Lucy Lowe in
Sydney, and a Hoboken Nigger duet, entitled
The Bum Gum.
Introducing the celebrated flat foot dance by
Rombo Bobo, with a Jew's Harp, accompanied
by Jim Brown.
The Saloon is open every Monday, Wed-
nesday, Thursday, and Saturday Evening.
3182

BALL AND SUPPER, at Mr.

Colson's, George and Dragon, Brick-
field-hill, on Monday Evening, September 9,
1844. Single tickets, 5s.; Double tickets,
10s. 6d. Dancing to commence at Eight
o'clock.
N.B.—The Ball-room is considerably en-
larged.
3188

TO THE LOVERS OF SPORT.

THE announced Foot Race between
Sparks and McGrath, of famed moun-
tainy, taken place on Monday next, for Ten
Pounds side on the Glebe Road, near the
City, even betting; the distance of fifty yards,
being somewhat short of Sparks's fancy. 2200

Published This Day.

THE principal Ceremonies and Prayers
used at the Consecration of Catholic
Bishops, translated from the Latin.
Price Sixpence. To be had at the Chronicle
Office, at Mr. Morley's, Pitt-street, and from
the Clerk of St. Mary's.
3158

THE ONLY ESTABLISHMENT

WITH
£2500 worth of SPRING STOCK,
CONSISTING OF—
Drapery Goods, Silk Mercey, Hosiery, Mus-
lins, Linens, Longcloths, Calicoes, Sheet-
ings, Ticks, Woollens, Gentlemen's Apparel, Me-
chanic's spring and summer Clothing, &c., at
JONATHAN THORP & CO'S,
315, PITT-STREET,
Which must really be SOLD OFF, without
regard to the original cost, by the 1st of
DECEMBER, in consequence of J. T. and
Co. having made arrangements with their
present manager,
MR. CHARLES NEWTON,
for the sale of their business and premises on
that day, in consequence of which have been
re-marked all those recent transactions of the
best description of FANCY and PLAIN
GOODS, to inspect which J. T. and Co. now
invite the colonists of New South Wales,
when they will at once acknowledge it to be
the rarest occurrence of good, but which
STOCK ever offered in Sydney, being marked
at the most unprecedented low prices, which
must be taken advantage of by the London
house, they are enabled to do in splendid
superiority of NOVELTY, QUALITY, and
FASHION; just as received from the LOOM.
Hence the BARGAINS to be made, as they
must be, off by the 1st December. These
Goods having been marked at as cash
prices, and the whole stock at a figure that
DEFIES COMPETITION
In prices, and yet at the same time
WITHOUT IMPOSITION,
Either in QUALITY, LENGTH, or MANU-
FACTURE, as any person may judge by in-
specting the goods, of which the following is
an abridged description—
2400 SILK, SATIN, and
SATINETS, in
every shade of colour,
at fully 25 per cent.
cheaper than any
house in town.
2000 CARPETS and
HEARTH RUGS—
4-4 printed Scotch
carpeting at 1s.; No. 1
stout Kidderminster,
all wool, 2s. 6d.; 2
dotted super-fine,
2s. 10d.; and 3s.
splendid Imperial
Brussels patterns, at
2s. 6d., usually sold at
3s. 6d.; a fine assort-
ment of real
Brussels at 4s. and
4s. 6d.; a great va-
riety of hearth rugs
to correspond. The
above are decided
bargains, having been
bought at a discount
of 30 per cent., prior
to the immediate ad-
vance on wool.
2000 DAMASK TABLE
CLOTHS, from 5s.
each and upwards.
200 dozen NAPKINS,
from 6s. per dozen.
A large assortment of
8-4 Damask Table
Linen, from 2s. 9d.
per yard.
**3000 yards Sheet-
ing,** 21s. wide, at 10d.;
21s. wide, at 2s.
BLANKETS.
1000 pair 9-4 stout
Woolsey, at 10s. 6d.
500 ditto, at 12s. 6d.
300 ditto, at 14s. 6d.
500 white counter-
panes, very cheap.
FLANNELS.
500 pieces, all wool,
from 8d. per yard.
20 ditto in scarlet and
blue, for shirts and
the island trade;
these are really 17s.
per cent. less than the
English cost.
SHIRTS.
A large stock of gent's
superior white shirts,
extra large size,
20 dozen, 10s. 6d. each;
20 dozen, 10s. 6d. each;
20 dozen, 10s. 6d. each;
500 Rich black lace
veils, at 7s. 6d. each.
TRUTH MUST PREVAIL!
The Public must be convinced, from the
nature of the old concern having to be closed
at the end of the year, that Thorpe and Co.
have no alternative but to let the stock go at
the now marked prices.
SELLING OFF PRICES.
The Public are invited to reap all the ad-
vantages of early purchase, while they may
be assured that there are no real bargains now
to be made in all Pitt-street except at
JONATHAN THORP & CO'S,
315, Pitt-street.
DRAPERY STOCK.
TO BE SOLD OFF, WITH COUNTERS,
FITTINGS, &c., &c.
The Premises to be disposed of from the 1st
of next month.
BEECH AND GLEESON beg to an-
nounce the sale of their entire Stock,
without reserve. The stock of Blankets, Rugs,
Striped and Regatta Shirts, Maleskin and
Bedding, Trunks, Prints, Calicoes, &c., &c.,
is well worthy the attention of Settlers, Coun-
try Storekeepers, and Shippers to the neigh-
bouring Islands, this being a *bona fide* sale for
cash only, and the Proprietors having marked
down the Stock to about half the original cost.
The prices of the undermentioned articles are
uniform with the prices of the entire Stock.
Stout Wigan blankets, from 6s. 9d. per pair
Full sized rugs, 2s. 9d. each
Print dresses, fast colours, commencing at 2s.
6d. the full dress
Super calicoes, from 8d. per yard
Unbleached ditto, from 3d. ditto
Shooting coats in great variety, from 7s. 6d.
Gambroons, suitable for children's dresses,
1s. 6d. per yard
Coloured stays, from 2s.
White ditto, from 4s.
Children's worsted coats, from 3d. per pair
Children's socks, 3d. per pair
Women's white cotton hose, from 3d. per
pair
Worked muslin collars, at 6d. each
Figured nets, from 4d. per yard
Observe—338, George-street, opposite the
Old Barbed Ground.
3191
DRAPERY AT REDUCED PRICES,
101, KING-STREET.
OPPOSITE MR. STUBBS'S AUCTION MART.
JOHN COUSSENS begs to call the at-
tention of the public to a few real bargains
in Manchester goods, comprising a
splendid assortment of prints, including some
choice patterns in pink, blue, and buff plates,
together with a large quantity of calicoes,
longcloth, striped, cotton &c., &c., which he is now selling at prices
much below the English cost.
Also some rich mousseline de laine dresses,
check muslin dresses, and a choice lot of
ribbons at a great sacrifice.
Country gentlemen will always find a good
assortment of shawls, blankets, &c., at this
establishment, and orders by post will be
punctually attended to if accompanied with a
remittance in cash, the terms on which the
business is conducted.
3177

MR. CHARLES NEWTON.

for the sale of their business and premises on
that day, in consequence of which have been
re-marked all those recent transactions of the
best description of FANCY and PLAIN
GOODS, to inspect which J. T. and Co. now
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when they will at once acknowledge it to be
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In prices, and yet at the same time
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Print dresses, fast colours, commencing at 2s.
6d. the full dress
Super calicoes, from 8d. per yard
Unbleached ditto, from 3d. ditto
Shooting coats in great variety, from 7s. 6d.
Gambroons, suitable for children's dresses,
1s. 6d. per yard
Coloured stays, from 2s.
White ditto, from 4s.
Children's worsted coats, from 3d. per pair
Children's socks, 3d. per pair
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longcloth, striped, cotton &c., &c., which he is now selling at prices
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Also some rich mousseline de laine dresses,
check muslin dresses, and a choice lot of
ribbons at a great sacrifice.
Country gentlemen will always find a good
assortment of shawls, blankets, &c., at this
establishment, and orders by post will be
punctually attended to if accompanied with a
remittance in cash, the terms on which the
business is conducted.
3177

DEFIES COMPETITION

In prices, and yet at the same time
WITHOUT IMPOSITION,
Either in QUALITY, LENGTH, or MANU-
FACTURE, as any person may judge by in-
specting the goods, of which the following is
an abridged description—
2400 SILK, SATIN, and
SATINETS, in
every shade of colour,
at fully 25 per cent.
cheaper than any
house in town.
2000 CARPETS and
HEARTH RUGS—
4-4 printed Scotch
carpeting at 1s.; No. 1
stout Kidderminster,
all wool, 2s. 6d.; 2
dotted super-fine,
2s. 10d.; and 3s.
splendid Imperial
Brussels patterns, at
2s. 6d., usually sold at
3s. 6d.; a fine assort-
ment of real
Brussels at 4s. and
4s. 6d.; a great va-
riety of hearth rugs
to correspond. The
above are decided
bargains, having been
bought at a discount
of 30 per cent., prior
to the immediate ad-
vance on wool.
2000 DAMASK TABLE
CLOTHS, from 5s.
each and upwards.
200 dozen NAPKINS,
from 6s. per dozen.
A large assortment of
8-4 Damask Table
Linen, from 2s. 9d.
per yard.
**3000 yards Sheet-
ing,** 21s. wide, at 10d.;
21s. wide, at 2s.
BLANKETS.
1000 pair 9-4 stout
Woolsey, at 10s. 6d.
500 ditto, at 12s. 6d.
300 ditto, at 14s. 6d.
500 white counter-
panes, very cheap.
FLANNELS.
500 pieces, all wool,
from 8d. per yard.
20 ditto in scarlet and
blue, for shirts and
the island trade;
these are really 17s.
per cent. less than the
English cost.
SHIRTS.
A large stock of gent's
superior white shirts,
extra large size,
20 dozen, 10s. 6d. each;
20 dozen, 10s. 6d. each;
20 dozen, 10s. 6d. each;
500 Rich black lace
veils, at 7s. 6d. each.
TRUTH MUST PREVAIL!
The Public must be convinced, from the
nature of the old concern having to be closed
at the end of the year, that Thorpe and Co.
have no alternative but to let the stock go at
the now marked prices.
SELLING OFF PRICES.
The Public are invited to reap all the ad-
vantages of early purchase, while they may
be assured that there are no real bargains now
to be made in all Pitt-street except at
JONATHAN THORP & CO'S,
315, Pitt-street.
DRAPERY STOCK.
TO BE SOLD OFF, WITH COUNTERS,
FITTINGS, &c., &c.
The Premises to be disposed of from the 1st
of next month.
BEECH AND GLEESON beg to an-
nounce the sale of their entire Stock,
without reserve. The stock of Blankets, Rugs,
Striped and Regatta Shirts, Maleskin and
Bedding, Trunks, Prints, Calicoes, &c., &c.,
is well worthy the attention of Settlers, Coun-
try Storekeepers, and Shippers to the neigh-
bouring Islands, this being a *bona fide* sale for
cash only, and the Proprietors having marked
down the Stock to about half the original cost.
The prices of the undermentioned articles are
uniform with the prices of the entire Stock.
Stout Wigan blankets, from 6s. 9d. per pair
Full sized rugs, 2s. 9d. each
Print dresses, fast colours, commencing at 2s.
6d. the full dress
Super calicoes, from 8d. per yard
Unbleached ditto, from 3d. ditto
Shooting coats in great variety, from 7s. 6d.
Gambroons, suitable for children's dresses,
1s. 6d. per yard
Coloured stays, from 2s.
White ditto, from 4s.
Children's worsted coats, from 3d. per pair
Children's socks, 3d. per pair
Women's white cotton hose, from 3d. per
pair
Worked muslin collars, at 6d. each
Figured nets, from 4d. per yard
Observe—338, George-street, opposite the
Old Barbed Ground.
3191
DRAPERY AT REDUCED PRICES,
101, KING-STREET.
OPPOSITE MR. STUBBS'S AUCTION MART.
JOHN COUSSENS begs to call the at-
tention of the public to a few real bargains
in Manchester goods, comprising a
splendid assortment of prints, including some
choice patterns in pink, blue, and buff plates,
together with a large quantity of calicoes,
longcloth, striped, cotton &c., &c., which he is now selling at prices
much below the English cost.
Also some rich mousseline de laine dresses,
check muslin dresses, and a choice lot of
ribbons at a great sacrifice.
Country gentlemen will always find a good
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establishment, and orders by post will be
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3177

MANCHESTER GOODS.

10,000 pieces calicoes
and longcloths, of the
very best make, and
remarkably cheap.
200 pieces cotton ticks,
from 6d. per yard.
1000 pieces figured
window muslin, at
6s. 6d. per piece of 12
yards.
200 pieces of 12
yard muslin, at 13d.
30 pieces superfine
white drill, at 13d.
Without exception the
largest and cheapest
stock in the colony,
consisting of upwards
of 1000 pairs, commencing
at 4s. 9d. per pair.
Prior to the immediate ad-
vance on wool.
2000 DAMASK TABLE
CLOTHS, from 5s.
each and upwards.
200 dozen NAPKINS,
from 6s. per dozen.
A large assortment of
8-4 Damask Table
Linen, from 2s. 9d.
per yard.
**3000 yards Sheet-
ing,** 21s. wide, at 10d.;
21s. wide, at 2s.
BLANKETS.
1000 pair 9-4 stout
Woolsey, at 10s. 6d.
500 ditto, at 12s. 6d.
300 ditto, at 14s. 6d.
500 white counter-
panes, very cheap.
FLANNELS.
500 pieces, all wool,
from 8d. per yard.
20 ditto in scarlet and
blue, for shirts and
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SHIRTS.
A large stock of gent's
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20 dozen, 10s. 6d. each;
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Full sized rugs, 2s. 9d. each
Print dresses, fast colours, commencing at 2s.
6d. the full dress
Super calicoes, from 8d. per yard
Unbleached ditto, from 3d. ditto
Shooting coats in great variety, from 7s. 6d.
Gambroons, suitable for children's dresses,
1s. 6d. per yard
Coloured stays, from 2s.
White ditto, from 4s.
Children's worsted coats, from 3d. per pair
Children's socks, 3d. per pair
Women's white cotton hose, from 3d. per
pair
Worked muslin collars, at 6d. each
Figured nets, from 4d. per yard
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STAYS.

Without exception the
largest and cheapest
stock in the colony,
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of 1000 pairs, commencing
at 4s. 9d. per pair.
Prior to the immediate ad-
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A large assortment of
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PANAMA HATS.

Only 57 of these (super-
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wear to any other
year, and the only lot in town,
at 15s.
HOSIERY.
1200 dozen of white
cotton hose from 8s.
per dozen.
100 dozen men's me-
rine vests from 3s. 3d.
each.
SHIRTS.
A large stock of gent's
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